WTHF

CYLINDRICAL PROTECTIVE HEATED HOUSING FOR USE IN SEVERE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- Ideal for external use
- Resistant to pressurised water jets
- Resistant to highly humid environments
- Resistant to cold temperatures
- Resistant to saline environments / food industry

INTRODUCTION

- WTHF is a cylindrical protective housing for safety light curtain designed to secure operators working on dangerous machines in an industrial environment including the protection of access to the stations in severe environmental conditions.
- WTF is particularly suitable for applications in the food industry using inert materials.
- Thanks to its features, WTHF is also the ideal solution for all uses in external environments (rain, sun, environments that generate condensation or cold temperatures).
- The cylindrical housing WTHF can fit the following safety light curtain REER families: EOS2/EOS4.

PRODUCT STRUCTURE

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

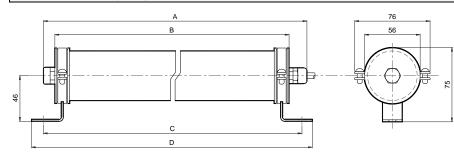
- Resistant to pressurised water streams of up to 100 bar.
- Integrated anti-condensation system through the GORE[™] vent.
- Thermostatic heating control system (power supplied with 24V AC/DC).
 (Heating system power consumption = 2 : 10W; see technical characteristics)
- (Heating system power consumption = 2 ÷ 10W; see technical characteristics table).
 Operating temperature from -25° to +55°C.
- Degree of protection IP69K.
- Degree of protection
 CE certified.
- CE certified.

PROTECTIVE HOUSING TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS														
Fastenings		Via 2 WT circular brackets												
Operating temp		-25 ÷ +55												
Operating temperature with °C pressurised water			10 ÷ 55 (max. water pressure = 100 bar)											
	Transparent tube	PMMA (Polymethylmethacrylate) Ø 50mm												
Material	Sealing caps		POM C Ø 56mm / Silicone O-RING											
	WT brackets		Stainless steel (AISI 316L)											
Degree of prote		IP 69K												
MODEL			300	450	600	750	900	1050	1200	1350	1500	2B	3B	4B
Heating system power consumption W			4	6	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	8	10	10

LIGHT CURTAIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

					RECEIVER							
		EMITTER		PIN	COLOR	NAME	DESCRIPTION					
PIN	COLOR	NAME	DESCRIPTION	2	Brown	24VDC	+24VDC power supply					
1	Brown	24VDC	+24VDC power supply	7	Blue	0VDC	0VDC power supply					
3	Blue	0VDC	0VDC power supply	8	Red	PE	Ground connection					
5	Grey	PE	Ground connection	1	White	OSSD1						
2	White	RANGE0 *	Barrier configuration	3	Green	OSSD2	Safety static outputs					
4	Green	RANGE1 *	Barrier configuration	5	Grey	SEL_A	Barrier configuration					
-	Yellow	0VDC		6	Pink	SEL_B	Barner conliguration					
-	Red	24V AC/DC	HEATING SYSTEM	4	Yellow	K1_K2	External contactors Feedback					
-	Pink	n.c.	-	-	Black	0VDC	HEATING SYSTEM					
	1 ////		-	Violet	24V AC/DC	HEATING STSTEM						

DIMENSIONS (mm)



Cable lenght: 10m Cables of different lengths available on request. Ø max (mm) = 5,8

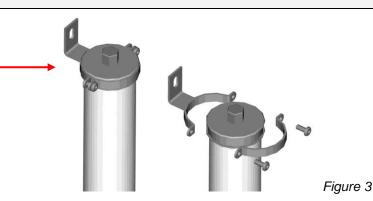
Figure 2

MODEL	150	300	450	600	750	900	1050	1200	1350	1500	1650	1800	2B	3B	4B
Dimension "A"	320	470	620	770	920	1070	1220	1370	1520	1670	1820	1970	760	1060	1160
Dimension "B"	290	440	590	740	890	1040	1190	1340	1490	1640	1790	1940	730	1030	1130
Dimension "C" (± 3mm)	315	465	615	765	915	1065	1215	1365	1515	1665	1815	1965	755	1055	1155
Dimension "D"	337	487	637	787	937	1087	1237	1387	1537	1687	1837	1987	777	1077	1177

BREER www.reer.it

WT EOS FASTENING BRACKET

- The figure illustrates the assembly of the brackets for the top and bottom caps of the housing.
- During the alignment of the barrier models 1350 and up, take care not to over-tighten the upper and lower brackets to avoid abnormal rotations of the barrier inside the container WT.



DISTANCE FROM REFLECTIVE SURFACES

- The presence of reflective surfaces close to the light curtain may cause occasional reflections that prevent sensing. Referring to Figure 4, object **A** is not detected due to surface **S** that, reflecting the beam, closes the optical path between the Emitter and Receiver. Therefore, a minimum distance **d** must be maintained between any reflecting surfaces and the guarded area.
- The characteristics of polycarbonate tube can cause a slight increase in the divergence of optical beams. The characteristics of polycarbonate tube can cause a slight increase in the divergence of optical beams. Therefore, we recommend calculating the minimum distance *d* using the values for Type 2 devices according the standard IEC/EN 61496-2.

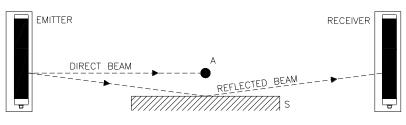
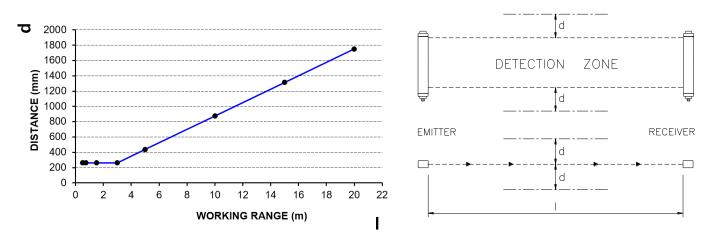


Figure 4 - Reflective surfaces

In Figure 5 these values are shown as a function of the distance I between the emitter and the receiver.





After installing the system, check for any reflective surface that intercept the beams, first of all at the centre and then close to the Emitter and Receiver. During this procedure, the red led on the Receiver must never switch off.